NATIONAL LEAGUE SYSTEM CLUB GUIDANCE: COVID-19 RETURN TO FOOTBALL

FOLLOWING THE UK GOVERNMENT’S ANNOUNCEMENT ON 22 SEPTEMBER, ALL COVID-SECURE GUIDELINES ARE NOW LEGAL OBLIGATIONS, WITH WHICH EVERYONE MUST ADHERE. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN FINES AS THE PRIME MINISTER SET OUT IN HIS SPEECH TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, A TRANSCRIPT OF WHICH YOU CAN READ HERE.

Government approval for National League System matches and training sessions remains in place, and this detailed guidance has been produced by The FA to cover these aspects of football in England

Updates

Version 4.0 - 24 September 2020: Updated in line with Government announcement on 22 September 2020

The advice for this document relates to advice for England, as lockdown easing is a devolved matter. Clubs not based in England who participate in the NLS, along with other clubs visiting such clubs, must refer this guidance to any devolved notice.

This document draws on the current Government guidance to outline considerations that should be informing club preparations for a return to football within a limited timeframe. The Government has indicated that current restrictions may be relaxed at short notice and at any time.

This NLS Club Covid-19 return to football guidance document has been split into these sections.

A. Football Activity Guidance (Matches and Training)
B. Player Welfare (Travel, Welfare, Equipment, Medical)
C. NLS Facilities (Changing Rooms, Referees, Clubhouses, Spectators)
D. Volunteer Welfare
E. Furloughed Staff
F. Youth Sections

Each club’s Chair or Secretary should name an existing member of their Board/Trustees or Staff as a ‘Covid-19 Officer’, who will be responsible for oversight of the Covid-19 risk assessments, ensuring the necessary level of risk mitigations are in place and the minimum guidance to be achieved has taken place. They should also ensure that the club, or any venue used can adhere to their guidance responsibilities within local restrictions and/or lock downs. For clarity, the Covid-19 Officer does not have to hold a formal qualification but clubs should give thought as to who the most relevant person would be for the role.

All clubs must undertake a Risk Assessment and Action Plan for all the following areas highlighted in this guidance note including the management of spectators. A template Risk Assessment has been provided by The FA for clubs to work through, available on pages 9 and 10 of The FA guidance ‘For providers of indoor and outdoor grassroots football’, which you can find here. Clubs must undertake a complete individual Risk Assessment. Each club’s circumstances will be unique, and they will need to prepare accordingly.

Clubs MUST then publish their Risk Assessment or Action Plan on their club website and inform their League of this being undertaken before any fixtures are undertaken in accordance with the DCMS Guidance.

Clubs should also check the insurance polices they have in relation to all football activities (e.g. personal accident and public liability), specifically any changes to insurance provider’s advice and guidance on returning to competitive play, ensuring full compliance with its terms.
I. RETURN TO COMPETITIVE FOOTBALL

The FA strongly recommend a phased return to competitive football, with no fixtures taking place before the end of July. During this time competitive training can occur, with groups limited to 30 people including coaches. Competitive matches, including pre-season friendlies, can begin from Saturday, August 1st.

The FA and the Leagues are aiming for a September start of competitive matches in the NLS; however, this is subject to change in accordance with Government guidance and approval for paying spectators, which may be published from time to time. NLS (or relevant FA Competition) fixtures are proposed to commence on:

- **Step 1 & 2**: Saturday, 3rd October 2020
- **Steps 3 & 4**: Saturday, 19th September 2020
- **Steps 5 & 6**: From Saturday 5th September 2020
- **FA Cup**: Tuesday, 1st September 2020

Clubs must complete their Action Plans for all aspects of this document as soon as possible to ensure that Leagues are able to start against these timetables.

II. RETURN TO TRAINING

Competitive training can resume in accordance with the published FA Guidance.

You must now adhere to the NHS Test and Trace system. This means collecting name and contact information of participants before all training sessions and matches.

This information should be stored for 21 days in-line with the Government Recreational Team Sport Framework and collected/processed in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and in line with GDPR principles. It should be used only for the purpose of NHS Test and Trace and, where requested to share with the NHS for Test and Trace purposes, the shared information should relate only to the match or training in which the player or supporter tested positive.

By maintaining records of staff, customers and visitors, and displaying an official NHS QR poster, you will help NHS Test and Trace to identify and notify people who may have been exposed to the virus.

You must register for an official NHS QR code and display the official NHS QR poster from 24 September 2020.

In addition, there is an NHS Covid-19 app, which has a feature that allows users to quickly and easily ‘check in’ to your venue by scanning the code. The information stays on the user’s phone. In England, you do not have to ask people who choose to ‘check in’ using the official NHS QR code to provide their contact details. If there is an outbreak associated with a venue, a message will be sent to the relevant app users with the necessary public health advice.

Clubs and facility providers should follow current NHS Test and Trace guidance, which is available here.

Considerations for clubs: Hygiene facilities must be provided, and the sharing of equipment is discouraged. Equipment must be cleaned regularly and after each use. Signage will help remind players to undertake hygiene practices. Clubs must refer to Sections C for further facility-based guidance.

Clubs must complete their risk assessment based on proposed activity to ensure social distancing and hygiene practices are followed in relation to any return of group training. There is no need to undertake participant testing, but any symptomatic players or coaches, or those living with someone who is symptomatic, must self-isolate at home and not attend sessions. Government guidance if a participant has symptoms is here.
I. TRAVEL

Club considerations: Clubs should encourage all players to arrive for training and matches by their own personal car or by other means if viable such as walking or bike. Players should not carshare outside their household or social bubble unless unavoidable. If players use Public Transport, they should follow Government Guidance here. For away games it is encouraged that clubs make arrangements for players to travel independently as above. However, if clubs absolutely need to utilise coach travel or if participants have to travel with people outside of their household or support bubble for matches or away games they and the club should try to:

- Share the transport with the same people each time;
- Keep to small groups of people at any one time;
- Open windows for ventilation;
- Face away from each other;
- Clean the car between journeys using standard cleaning products - including door handles and other areas that people may touch;
- Ask the driver and passengers to wear a face covering as well as yourself;
- Consider seating arrangements to maximise distance between people in the vehicle – this may mean using more than one coach or minibus, for example, if at all possible;
- Wear face coverings on coaches or minibuses;
- Require regular hand sanitisation by passengers on a coach or minibus;
- Limit the time spent at garages, petrol stations and motorway services;
- Keep distance from other people and if possible, pay by contactless;
- Wash hands for at least 20 seconds or sanitise hands often, and always when exiting or re-entering the vehicle;
- When finishing the journey participants should wash their hands for at least 20 seconds or sanitise their hands as soon as possible.

The club must give as much consideration for maintaining the social-distance measures, putting player welfare and the social-distancing measures first, exhausting all reasonable options before utilising other transport means.

II. WELFARE

All players, officials, volunteers and spectators must undergo a self-assessment for any Covid-19- symptoms. No-one should leave home to participate in football if they, or someone they live with, has any of the following:

- A high temperature (above 37.8°C);
- A new, continuous cough;
- A loss of, or change to, their sense of smell or taste.

This check should be done before each training session and must be recorded in regular risk assessments and it is important to note that no training session should take place without this having been done. Some clubs may wish to have this completed in the form of an online or paper questionnaire at the start of sessions (please reference Medical Guidance).

If symptoms are checked at the start of a session rather than in advance, this should be completed on arrival before the player mixes with others, so that if they have symptoms there is no chance of others being affected.

There is no Government requirement outside of the Elite Protocols to undertake testing or temperature checks, however clubs may wish to include these in their own protocols. Should a player be symptomatic or cause concern from their response to a questionnaire, then that player should be sent home immediately, dial for a test through the NHS and then allow the NHS Test and Trace service to manage contacts.

Players should bring their own personal water bottle for training and matches, which should be clearly labelled, and the use of communal water bottles should be discouraged. Players should arrive ready changed where possible and bring spare clothes to travel home (or if they choose, travel home in the kit they have used). Following activity, players must refrain from any contact. The evidence is that transmission during training or matches is minimal in comparison to social interactions over a prolonged time, hence the need to be vigilant on players not having social contact pre or post activity.

Changing rooms for training should be avoided where possible, as such provisions by players for a change of clothing post activity of match must be considered and communicated. Whilst we recognise that this is not ideal for
players, the need to travel home without social interaction in groups after training is absolutely critical.

Bibs should only be used if absolutely necessary and they must be worn once and not swapped during any exercise. Bibs should be washed immediately after use.

III. EQUIPMENT

Equipment (balls, bibs, cones, goalposts etc.) must be regularly wiped down with appropriate cleaning equipment and cleaned thoroughly cleaned after every session. Club volunteers or players may consider the use of face masks and gloves during this process.

The Government official guidance on cleaning in non-healthcare settings can be found here.

IV. MEDICAL / PHYSIOTHERPY

Clubs are advised to refer to The FA First Aid Guidance. The FA Medical Department has produced a Guidance note specific to the NLS, with key principles of working and specific additional guidance per Step of the NLS. The guidance can be found in Appendix B.
I. PLAYERS – TRAINING FACILITIES/CHANGING ROOMS

Current Government advice can be found [here](#).

Outdoor facilities can be open for training to be undertaken in accordance with the criteria set out in Section B. Facilities are encouraged to provide signage outlining the guidance. Indoor training facilities (such as gyms and sports halls) must follow the Government Guidance for Indoor Facilities.

**Changing rooms:** Changing rooms provide a greater risk of transmission and therefore we all need to rethink the use of these facilities. As a foundation, changing rooms should be used for changing and showering only and done so as quickly as possible. Clubs should factor staggering the use to minimise numbers. On a matchday, the home team must make provisions of priority access for the away team. Where able, clubs should seek alternative spaces for team meetings and observe social distancing, again, minimising numbers. For example, only the manager and starting 11. Indoor spaces need to have maximum ventilation as possible (such as opening windows and doors).

**Considerations for clubs:** The Government has identified factors that clubs and facility providers may need to consider before they decide whether they are safe to reopen, identified below. It is strongly advised that each club considers its own facility and how it can implement the measures outlined in the Government guidance and do so using a Risk Assessment process. ‘Consider the whole end-to-end ‘user journey’ when planning safe operating practices; this means all activities from the time of arrival on site to leaving, not just the sporting activity.’

An important factor for Clubs to consider is how they can create one way systems at their facility, especially at entry and exit points, through buildings and around the ground.

You must publish your individual club Action Plan to advise players or members what you are doing to manage the risks and how you want players or members to act. This must be placed, in accordance with your League Directive, on your club website. This will ensure your users are aware of how your ground is operating and will give opposition clubs the advice they need to visit your facility.

**Some areas for consideration to include on the Risk Assessment and Action Plan include:** signage, hygiene (equipment and toilets), cleaning schedules, hand sanitisers, maintain social distancing throughout, movement flow of people to avoid contact, PPE for staff.

Clubs that may have separate training facilities or grounds will need to undertake Assessments and Action Plans for both venues independently. Your club only need to publish the Risk Assessments for the Ground used for matches however it is good practice to publish for all venues. Clubs who hire training facilities, or ground share for matches should seek appropriate reassurances from their venue provider that facilities have been adjusted and prepared for use within Government guidelines. Where a club ground shares, they should publish their Venue Operator’s Risk Assessment online.

As a reminder, each club’s Chair or Secretary should name an existing member of their Board/Trustees or Staff as a Covid-19 Officer, who will be responsible for oversight of the Covid-19 risk assessments, ensuring the necessary level of risk mitigations are in place and the minimum guidance to be achieved has taken place. They should also ensure that the club, or any venue used can adhere to their guidance responsibilities within local constraints.

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II. MATCH OFFICIALS

Please refer to the Referee NLS Guidance here.

**Travel:** Match officials will travel independently in accordance with transport guidance. Clubs will need to be aware that this will impact on travel costs for match officials. Owing to the conditions for travelling as part of this guidance, consideration will be given to the location of match officials when appointing to fixtures. Clubs should ensure that sufficient car parking is reserved for match officials close to the entrance to changing areas.

**Team sheets:** Physical team sheets should not be shared between the officials or opposition where possible. This can be sent electronically via photo or e-mail if required.

**Respect hand shake:** The Respect hand shake pre match will be suspended until further notice.

**Tunnel management:** Teams will not enter the field of play collectively. The teams will stagger their arrival onto the pitch and this will be pre-agreed with the match officials.

**Match official payment:** Where possible, arrangements will be made for the payment to be paid electronically, but should be communicated in advance to the match officials.

III. CLUBHOUSES/BARS

Any food or drink facilities, including bars or restaurants, inside a clubhouse were authorised to be open from 4th July, in accordance with the latest guidance. It is up to the licensee of the premises to undertake the relevant actions within the guidance and to assess the capability to open in accordance with the Government guidance.

In line with the Government’s announcement on 22 September, these must close at 10pm.

Unless you have an exemption, face coverings are mandatory for all staff in retail/hospitality outlets (e.g. a clubhouse). This also applies to users of the facility, except when seated at a table to eat or drink. The latest Government guidance on face coverings is here.

For other facilities within a clubhouse, toilets and throughways may be kept open, but guidance on hygiene and social distancing should be followed.

IV. TECHNICAL AREAS

Clubs will need to provide seating outside of the dugout in order to provide adequate social distancing for substitutes and coaching staff. Technical areas are allowed to be extended for this purpose.
C. NATIONAL LEAGUE SYSTEM FACILITIES (continued)

V. WARM-UP AREAS

Clubs will need to ensure that warm-up areas provide sufficient distance between the Home and Away teams and a provision of an area for match officials. It is advisable that these are clearly marked and/or communicated.

VI. SPECTATORS

The guidance issued by DCMS on the return to recreational team sport has recently been amended to permit clubs to accommodate a limited number of spectators, provided that the club follows current government guidance in relation to COVID-19 and The FA’s National League System club guidance which was published on 18 July 2020.

Risk assessments

Clubs must update their risk assessments and action plans, which were required to be prepared under the previous version of the government guidance, to consider and mitigate the risk posed by permitting spectators to attend fixtures (in particular, how they intend to minimise transmission rates and ensure that spectators comply with social distancing).

The risk assessment should focus on:

1. How the club intends to ensure that spectators maintain social distancing whilst at the ground (on arrival, during and after the match and on departure). Clubs may wish to consider:
   a. marking queues with tape on the floor at 2m intervals wherever possible, but a minimum of 1m+ if not (i.e. at turnstiles and takeaway food areas);
   b. markings for spectator standing;
   c. reducing the availability of seats within covered accommodation;
   d. crowd management processes, i.e. barriers at pinch points and/or introducing a one way flow within the ground; and
   e. advance purchase ticket schemes, allowing clubs to manage walk ups.

2. How the club intends to maintain appropriate hygiene in spectator areas, including toilets, entrances and exits.

3. How the club intends to inform clubs of any new policies or procedures which will be in place. Clubs may wish to consider signage and use their communication channels to encourage spectators to follow the guidance.

4. Whether the club wishes to implement any COVID-19 screening measures for spectators attending fixtures. If so, what are these measures and how will they be implemented.

5. Whether the club intends to amend its usual refreshment facilities for spectators.

6. What medical provisions the club has in place if spectators fall ill and how this can be provided in accordance with current government guidance.

7. How the club intends to monitor compliance with its risk assessment and action plan and the steps it intends to take if spectators are found to be breaching social-distancing measures or increasing the risk of transmission.

Please note that each ground will be unique and will require its own individual risk assessment and action plan.

Arrangements must also be put in place to support NHS Test and Trace efforts by collecting sufficient written information from spectators to allow NHS Test and Trace to contact them if necessary. More information can be found here.

Please ask spectators to download the NHS Covid-19 app, which has a feature that allows users to quickly and easily ‘check in’ to your venue by scanning the NHS QR code you should display (see information on page 3) in relevant places. The information stays on the user’s phone, so that in England, you do not have to ask people who choose to ‘check in’ using the official NHS QR code to provide their contact details. If there is an outbreak associated with a venue, a message will be sent to the relevant app users with the necessary public health advice.

IN LINE WITH THE GOVERNMENT ‘RULE OF SIX’ ANNOUNCEMENT, SPECTATORS CAN GATHER IN DISCRETE GROUPS OF MAXIMUM SIX PEOPLE. THERE SHOULD BE NO MINGLING BETWEEN GROUPS. ONCE IN A SIX-PERSON GROUP, SPECTATORS SHOULD STAY IN IT.
C. NATIONAL LEAGUE SYSTEM FACILITIES (continued)

**Spectator limits**

The FA has been working with the Sports Grounds Safety Authority (SGSA) and DCMS to agree appropriate spectator levels for matches at Steps 3 – 6.

Following those discussions, The FA can confirm the following:

**Stage 1**

1. During stage 1 (from 22 August 2020 – 30 August 2020), clubs can permit of the minimum ground grading capacity for the relevant Step (or the figures set out in Appendix C).

If a club does not play any fixtures in the relevant period, it must have played at least one pre-season friendly or competitive fixture in accordance with this level of spectators before moving on to stage 2.

**Stage 2**

If clubs are satisfied that they have been able to comply with government guidance (in particular in relation to social distancing) and that they are able to operate in accordance with their action plans during the pilot stage, clubs can permit spectators to attend fixtures, from w/c August 31st provided that the number of spectators does not exceed 30% of the minimum ground grading capacity for the relevant Step (or the figures set out in Appendix C).

These limits shall apply unless and until The FA confirms otherwise. However, The FA will keep these limits under continuous review and reserves the right to amend these limits (upwards or downwards) or extend stage 1 at any time, in particular in response to any change in government guidance. If The FA becomes aware that any club has not complied with the guidance in relation to stage 1, it may direct that individual club to extend stage 1.

Clubs should also be mindful of the impact of any local lockdown which may prevent them from permitting spectators to attend fixtures (or play fixtures at all) and must comply with any guidance given by the government, local authorities or local health services.

**VII. BOARDROOMS**

For the foreseeable future, Boardrooms and associated hospitality will not be required to be undertaken by clubs. With this in mind, clubs are encouraged to consider how Boardrooms could be used by players/match officials to support effective social distancing.
D. VOLUNTEER WELFARE

The NLS relies heavily upon volunteers to effectively operate clubs. It is strongly recommended that all Clubs take time to consider all their Volunteers and how they can adapt their normal roles to maximise safety.

A club may wish to provide PPE for their Volunteers to safely work and support operations. For example:

- Gloves/face masks/coverings for those undertaking cleaning of equipment or indoor spaces;
- Plastic Screens for those volunteers serving/selling hot and cold drinks;
- Ensure that any volunteer who has any symptoms is sent home and self-isolates, requests a test from the NHS and contacts NHS Test and Trace.

E. FURLOUGHED STAFF

- Current Government advice [here](#)
- From July 1st, employers can bring back to work employees that have previously been furloughed for any amount of time and any shift pattern, while still being able to claim a Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme grant for their normal hours not worked. This scheme is changing to include Employer Contributions and Eligibility (released June 12th). For the latest information on the scheme refer to [the guidance](#).
- Once players are back in training, they are working for the club, the clarification from HMRC is:
  - Sports professionals undertaking supervised training with their employer are unlikely to be eligible for
  - Where training is a key component of an employee’s role and directly contributes to generating revenue for the employer, then such training will not be allowable within the furlough scheme.
- It will be for clubs to make a judgement about how this applies to their individual circumstances, but as for all aspects of the furlough scheme, we’d advise keeping a record of decisions for any future audit purposes.

F. YOUTH SECTIONS

If your club has a Youth Section, or other senior sides outside of the National League System, this will be covered by the guidance issued by The FA’s Grassroots Division or your County FA. The current FA Guidance is at the link [here](#).

If your team has 16 or 17 year olds, please refer to the additional safeguarding guidance and risk assessments [here](#).
PLEASE NOTE – THE EXAMPLE RISK ASSESSMENT DOCUMENT BELOW, IS FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY AND DOES NOT REPRESENT AN EXHAUSTIVE LIST OF CONSIDERATIONS THAT YOU WILL NEED TO MAKE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHAT ARE THE HAZARDS?</th>
<th>WHO MIGHT BE HARMED</th>
<th>CONTROLS REQUIRED</th>
<th>ADDITIONAL CONTROLS</th>
<th>ACTION BY WHOM?</th>
<th>ACTION BY WHEN?</th>
<th>DATE COMPLETE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Spread on Covid-19    | • Users             | **Promoting good hygiene:**  
  • Provide additional hand sanitisers throughout the clubhouse  
  • Clearly direct people to where they can wash their hands  
  • Ensure that all handwashing stations are in good working order and provide soap, water and hand sanitiser  
  • Provide hygiene standards promotional poster and signage throughout the clubhouse  
  • Use disposable paper towels in handwashing facilities  
  • Hourly check process (sanitiser, soap and paper towels and handwashing stations)  
  • Daily stock check (sanitiser, soap and paper towels)  
  • Daily check (promotion posters and signage)  
  • Train all workers on new protocols and the important of good hygiene  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | • Workers           | **Keep facilities and equipment clean:**  
  • Daily cleaning throughout the clubhouse  
  • Identify high-contact touch points for more regular cleaning (e.g. door handles, grab rails, vending machines)  
  • Frequent cleaning of work areas and equipment between use  
  • Provide more waste facilities  
  • Follow Public Health England guidance if a Covid-19 case is reported at the facility  
  • Weekly stock check (cleaning products)  
  • Empty waste facilities regularly  
  • Train all workers on Public Health England guidance for reported Covid-19 cases  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                       | • Cleaners          | **Maintaining social distancing and avoiding congestion**  
  • Provide signage so people can find their destination quickly  
  • Review how people walk through the clubhouse and adjust this to reduce congestion and contact between users  
  • Regulate the entry to the clubhouse to avoid overcrowding  
  • Apply two-metre markings where possible to the clubhouse entrance/toilets and the queue to the café serving hatch  
  • One-way arrow markings to help foot traffic flow management  
  • Single-use doorways to avoid congestion i.e. one-way only entrances/exits  
  • Single/limited use of toilet facilities to avoid congestion in confined spaces  
  • Monitor effectiveness, especially at peak times  
  • Train workers to promote compliance to facility users  
  • Train workers to report / deal with issues of non-compliance  
  • Daily check (promotion posters and signage)  |  |  |  |  |  |
APPENDIX B

These Medical guidelines will follow on from The FA First Aid Guidance published as part of the Covid-19 club guidance.

GUIDANCE PER NLS STEP

Please remember: It can never be certain that a player does not have Covid-19, even in absence of symptoms. The following guidance is based on risk mitigation, and the assumption that someone could be infected during all medical care provision.

Step 1 and 2 Clubs

Refer to League protocols.

Step 3 Clubs

Clubs within Step 3 will have some HCPs working within the club setting but will mainly utilise club first aiders. Of those clubs who have HCPs they should abide by the guidance as depicted in this document, as advised by the Government and the elite sport framework. The level of club is irrespective, the HCP must abide by the guidance for health care professionals. First aiders within the club setting should follow the guidance set out in the Return to Grassroots Football as a minimum and ensure EAPs reflect the current Covid-19 circumstances.

Pre-training screening should be conducted before players enter the training environment where possible and before contact with other players and staff.

Social distancing guidance as advised by the government should be adhered to at all times unless a medical incident requires a breach of that guidance. First aid health records should detail pretraining health checks.

Step 4 Clubs

Clubs within Step 4 will mainly utilise club first aiders. Of those clubs who have any HCPs they should abide by the guidance as depicted in this document, as advised by the Government and the elite sport framework. The level of club is irrespective, the HCP must abide by the guidance for health care professionals. First aiders with the club setting should follow the guidance set out in the Return to Grass Routes Football as a minimum and ensure EAPs reflect the current Covid-19 circumstances.

Pre-training screening should be conducted before players enter the training environment where possible and before contact with other players and staff.

Social distancing guidance as advised by the government should be adhered to at all times unless a medical incident requires a breach of that guidance. First aid health records should detail pretraining health checks.

Step 5 and 6 Clubs

Clubs within Steps 5 and 6 may have designated club first aiders or may have coaching staff/volunteers taking on the responsibility for first aid provision. First aiders or those acting in a first aid capacity with the club setting should follow the guidance set out in the Return to Grass Roots Football as a minimum ensure EAPs reflect the current Covid-19 circumstances. It is imperative that all who may take on this role have knowledge of the EAP, PPE requirements and are updated on the changes to first aid during this period.

Pre-training screening should be conducted before players enter the training environment and where possible before contact with other players and staff.

Social distancing guidance as advised by the government should be adhered to at all times unless a medical incident requires a breach of that guidance. First aid health records should detail pretraining health checks.
Although Ground Grades F, G and H do not specify a minimum ground capacity for Steps 5 and 6, The FA considers 1,000 to be an appropriate threshold to set (given the minimum ground capacity in the grades above), which will also promote a consistent approach across the Steps. The FA does not consider that this threshold will have a negative impact on clubs at Steps 5 and 6 given the number of spectators that ordinarily affect fixtures in Steps 3 - 6.

The FA has calculated 15% of the relevant figures and rounded up/down to reach an appropriate capacity limit. For the avoidance of doubt, clubs should comply with the numbers in the capacity column below.

### Stage 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>STEP GROUND GRADING CAPACITY</th>
<th>STAGE 1</th>
<th>CAPACITY</th>
<th>STEP GROUND GRADING CAPACITY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>Min 1950</td>
<td>15% capacity</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Aug 22nd - Aug 30th</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>Min 1350</td>
<td>15% capacity</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>Aug 22nd - Aug 30th</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>Min 1000</td>
<td>15% capacity</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Aug 22nd - Aug 30th</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 6</td>
<td>Min 1000</td>
<td>15% capacity</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>Aug 22nd - Aug 30th</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Stage 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>STEP GROUND GRADING CAPACITY</th>
<th>STAGE 2</th>
<th>CAPACITY</th>
<th>STEP GROUND GRADING CAPACITY</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 3</td>
<td>Min 1950</td>
<td>30% Capacity</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>from w/c 31st August onwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 4</td>
<td>Min 1350</td>
<td>30% Capacity</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>from w/c 31st August onwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 5</td>
<td>Min 1000</td>
<td>30% Capacity</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>from w/c 31st August onwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 6</td>
<td>Min 1000</td>
<td>30% Capacity</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>from w/c 31st August onwards</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**REMINDER:** In line with the Government ‘RULE OF SIX’ announcement, spectators can gather in discrete groups of maximum six people. There should be no mingling between groups. Once in a six-person group, spectators should stay in it.
DISCLAIMER:

This guidance is for general information only and does not constitute legal advice, nor it is a replacement for such, nor does it replace any Government or PHE advice; nor does it provide any specific commentary or advice on health-related issues. Affected organisations should therefore ensure that they seek independent advice from medical practitioners, or healthcare providers, prior to implementing any re-opening plan, as required. Independent legal advice should be sought, as required and depending on your, or relevant circumstances.

While efforts have been taken to ensure the accuracy of this information at the time of publication, the reader is reminded to check the Government website to obtain the most up-to-date information regarding social distancing and any other Government measures.