# BIRMINGHAM COUNTY FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

#### **Directors**

Mr John Berry

Mrs Sandra Hampton Dr Shameen Kazmi Mrs Holly Murdoch Mr Michael Penn Mr Gareth Roberts Mrs Monica Shafaq Mr Kevin Shoemake Mr Stuart Welch Ms Annelli Peavot Mr Luke Bowles

(Appointed 1 July 2022) (Appointed 1 July 2022)

Company number

03733866

Mr David Nixon

Registered office

Ray Hall Lane Great Barr Birmingham West Midlands B43 6JF

**Accountants** 

BK Plus Limited Azzurri House Walsall Road Aldridge Walsall England WS9 0RB

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of development, governing, facilitating and promotion of football within the Birmingham County region.

Founded in 1875 and incorporated in 1999, Birmingham County FA (BCFA) is a non-profit making company limited by guarantee. The organisation is one of the largest County FA's within the national County FA network with a staff of 24 and a Board of Directors of 12, eight of whom are Independent Non Executives. The BCFA 'region' incorporates Birmingham, Warwickshire and the Black Country. The business develops and supports 1,200 member clubs at all levels who between them have over 5,100 teams playing all the various formats of the national game along with 1,200 registered Referees. BCFA sanctions over 50 football competitions and facilitates the improvement of grass pitches and football facilities which includes new and refurbished 3G pitches and changing rooms. The business also governs the local grassroots game which includes administering on and off-field indiscipline whilst trying to improve participant behaviour and making the game safe and accessible for all. BCFA organises 14 County Cups with the Senior Cup being one of the oldest cup competitions in the World and in 2019, BCFA achieved the Intermediate level of the Equality Standard and also successfully complied with the FA's Safeguarding Operating Standard for the fourth consecutive year in May 2022.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr John Berry
Mrs Sandra Hampton
Dr Shameen Kazmi
Mrs Holly Murdoch
Mr Michael Penn
Mr Gareth Roberts
Mrs Monica Shafaq
Mr Kevin Shoemake
Mr Stuart Welch
Ms Annelli Peavot
Mr Luke Bowles
Mr David Nixon

(Appointed 1 July 2022) (Appointed 1 July 2022)

#### Covid-19

Business operations were halted from approximately March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic; an event which continued throughout the financial year. The Company was able to draw on previously prepared pandemic and crisis plans, which were implemented accordingly. In accordance with reduced operations, the Company took advantage of the Government's furlough scheme and Local Authority grants to reduce operational costs during this period and passed on specific Sport England/FA grants to its Clubs to help reduce the cost of affiliation. COVID-19 related restrictions were eased after the balance sheet date; which will aid the recovery of operations back towards pre-COVID levels. Despite the impact of COVID-19, the directors believe that the Company can meet its obligations as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

On behalf of the board

Mr Midhael Penn Director

Mr Kevin Shoemake

Director

Date: 05-09.2023

# REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS OF BIRMINGHAM COUNTY FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION LIMITED

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Birmingham County Football Association Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023 which comprise the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/member/standards/rules-and-standards/rulebook.html.

It is your duty to ensure that Birmingham County Football Association Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and deficit of Birmingham County Football Association Limited. You consider that Birmingham County Football Association Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Birmingham County Football Association Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

**BK Plus Limited** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

Azzurri House Walsall Road Aldridge Walsall England WS9 0RB

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Administrative expenses Other operating income	Notes 3	<b>2023</b> £ (1,311,359) 1,229,453	<b>2022</b> £ (1,170,121) 1,228,570
Operating (deficit)/surplus	4	(81,906)	58,449
Interest receivable and similar income		11,616	5,432
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation		(70,290)	63,881
Tax on (deficit)/surplus	5	15,510	(13,256)
(Deficit)/surplus for the financial year	·	(54,780)	50,625

### BALANCE SHEET

#### **AS AT 30 JUNE 2023**

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		480,557		489,340
Current assets					
Debtors	7	73,433		82,198	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,265,264		1,396,837	
		1,338,697		1,479,035	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(278,176)		(357,008)	
one year	U	(270,170)		(337,000)	
Net current assets			1,060,521		1,122,027
Total assets less current liabilities			1,541,078		1,611,367
Provisions for liabilities			3,068		(12,441)
Net assets			1,544,146		1,598,926
					====
Reserves					
Non-distributable profits reserve	10		379,931		379,931
Income and expenditure account			1,164,215		1,218,995
Members' funds			1,544,146		1,598,926
					<del></del>

For the financial year ended 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Mr Michael Penn

Mr Kevin Shoemake

Director

Company Registration No. 03733866

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Birmingham County Football Association Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Ray Hall Lane, Great Barr, Birmingham, West Midlands, B43 6JF.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

BCFA is partially exempt for VAT purposes. Expenses are presented net of VAT & irrecoverable VAT is expense to the profit and loss in the period in which it relates.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings 2% Straight Line
Plant and equipment 20% Straight Line
Fixtures and fittings 20% Straight Line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.10 Leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Operating (deficit)/surplus

Operating (deficit)/surplus for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):	2022 £	2021 £
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
financial statements	-	4,000
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	48,524	44,946

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total	-	27
			·
5	Taxation		
		2023	2022
	Cummont tour	£	£
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	-	15,630
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(3,942)	(2,374)
	Changes in tax rates	3,929	_
	Tax losses carried forward	(15,497)	-
	Total deferred tax	(15,510)	(2,374)
	Total tax (credit)/charge	(15,510)	13,256
			=

A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of tax losses carried forward of £61,987 and is offset within the deferred tax liability.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

6	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2022 Additions	632,060	186,094	818,154
	Disposals	20,127 (972)	20,911	41,038
	Disposais	(972)	(3,516)	(4,488)
	At 30 June 2023	651,215	203,489	854,704
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 July 2022	208,201	120,613	328,814
	Depreciation charged in the year	12,956	35,675	48,631
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(787)	(2,511)	(3,298)
	At 30 June 2023	220,370	153,777	374,147
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 June 2023	430,845	49,712	480,557
	At 30 June 2022	423,859	65,481	489,340
		==:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	=====	
7	Debtors			
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade debtors		47,096	52,455
	Other debtors		26,337	29,743
			73,433	82,198
			<del></del>	=====
8	Craditare, amounts falling due within an aver			
0	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2023	2022
			£025	2022 £
	Trade creditors		19,944	60,954
	Corporation tax		10,0 <del>44</del> -	15,630
	Other taxation and social security		28,577	(22,082)
	Other creditors		229,655	302,506
			278,176	357,008

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### 9 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £10.

#### 10 Non-distributable profits reserve

	2023 £	2022 £
At the beginning and end of the year	379,931	379,931

The undistributable reserve created in 1999 when Birmingham County Football Association became incorporated.

#### 11 Control relationship

Throughout the current and previous year the company was under the control of the Board of Directors

# BIRMINGHAM COUNTY FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION LIMITED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

# DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 £	2023 £	2022 £	202
Other operating income				
Annual subscriptions	79,561		47,286	
Fines and appeals	348,023		319,088	
County cup income	35,173		23,809	
Receipts re. Football Association rule 8E	25,844		390	
Rent from ground	23,411		17,327	
Other income	28,113		17,786	
Football Development (including courses)	113,363		134,421	
Football Association grants	548,234		626,501	
Referees	25,997		17,675	
External Grants	-		24,287	
Sustainability Income	1,734		-	
	<del></del>	1,229,453		1,228,57
A due Sui - Am Africa - a von a na a				
Administrative expenses <i>N</i> ages and salaries	696,264		666,471	
Staff pension costs defined contribution	32,102		30,204	
Other staff costs	48,052		18,504	
Pates	4,474		3,861	
utilities	13,709		11,214	
	40,710		47,353	
Property repairs and maintenance Insurances	18,527		17,528	
	10,543		14,933	
Travelling expenses	14,283		9,315	
Legal and professional fees Accountancy	1,250		500	
Audit fees	1,200		3,386	
Bank charges	11,043		10,266	
Bad and doubtful debts	(2)		(2)	
Printing and stationery	13,816		16,845	
Marketing	36,768		29,401	
	2,450		8,790	
Referee expenses	25,419		20,211	
Club grants Sustainability expenses	65,711		38,510	
Telecommunications	20,055		21,541	
	40,511		30,554	
Operating expenses Grant expenditure	19,945		26,591	
·	26,330		14,792	
County cup competition expenses	20,330 16,319		6,010	
Discipline expenses Football development (including courses) expenditu	56,266		43,950	
	50,200 5,194		5,408	
Sundry expenses Unrecoverable VAT	5,19 <del>4</del> 40,721		13,869	
	1,079		6,566	
Safeguarding Depression	48,631		53,550	
Depreciation	<del>শ</del> ত <sub>।</sub> তও ।		55,550	
Profit or loss on sale of tangible assets (non exceptional)	1,189		-	
		(1,311,359)		(1,170,1

# DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 £	2023 £	2022 £	2022 £
Operating (deficit)/surplus		(81,906)		<del></del> 58,449
Interest receivable and similar income Bank interest received	11,616		5,432	
		11,616		5,432
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation	-	(70,290) =====	-	63,881